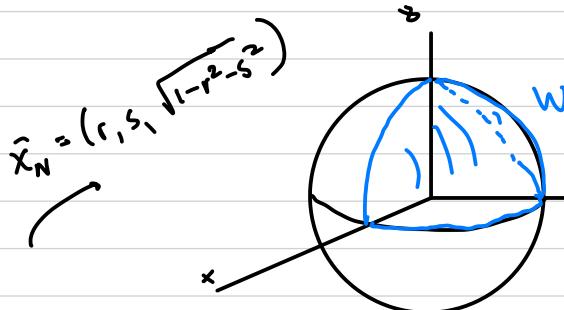
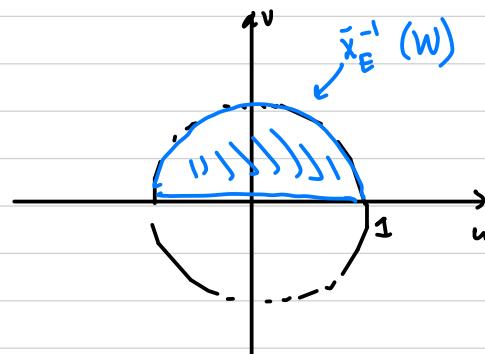
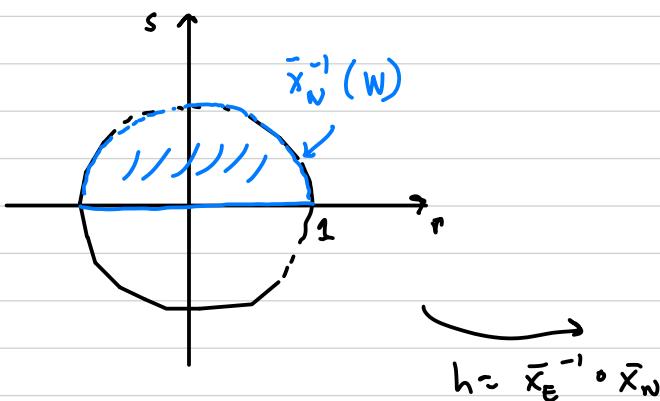


Ex $S = \text{sphere}$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$$



$$\bar{x}_E = (u, \sqrt{1-u^2-v^2}, v)$$



$$h(r, s) = \bar{x}_E^{-1} \circ \bar{x}_N(r, s)$$

$$= \bar{x}_E^{-1} (r, s, \sqrt{1-r^2-s^2})$$

$$= (r, \sqrt{1-r^2-s^2})$$

$$\text{so } h(r, s) = (r, \sqrt{1-r^2-s^2})$$

Thm says:
this is
diffble.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{-r}{\sqrt{1-r^2-s^2}} & \frac{-s}{\sqrt{1-r^2-s^2}} \end{bmatrix} = dh_{(r,s)}$$

→ 2x2 matrix